

Welsh Blood Service Gwasanaeth Gwaed Cymru

# Aspergillus in the Blood Collection Environment; an investigation







### **WBS on site Collection Centre**

- Primarily collects apheresis platelet donations (Also used for red cell collections)
- Monday Afternoon & Evening
- Tuesday All Day
- Wednesday All Day
- Thursday Afternoon & Evening
- Friday Morning
- Saturday Morning



# July 2013

- Sporadic & Occasional mixed fungal growth on routine monitoring settle plates
- Identified work had taken place on air conditioning units



# August 2013

- More growth, now pure Aspergillus sp
- Identified a A.niger
- Air conditioning units checked & cleaned
- Clinic mapped for fungal growth
- Visual inspection identified rotten apple in bin
- However sporadic growth persisted



- Aspergillus is a genus consisting of several hundred mold species found in various climates worldwide.
- Aspergillus was first catalogued in 1729 by the Italian priest and biologist Pier Antonio Micheli.
- Viewing the fungi under a microscope, Micheli was reminded of the shape of an aspergillum (holy water sprinkler), from Latin spargere (to sprinkle).



# Aspergillum











### **Risk Assessment**

- Considered potential for impact on :
  - Components (GMP)
  - Donors
  - Staff
- Factors
  - Sporadic nature of contamination
  - Low pathogenicity in immunocompetent people



### September – October 2013

- •Spikes in growth day /time dependant continued
- •Found more rotten fruit!
- •Carpets professionally deep cleaned
- •Growth still sporadic, some weeks nothing, other large quantities Aspergillus



### Clinic Map 9am (October 2013)

Apheresis Clinic Room PCO-01

28/10/13 09:00 am AC/ off 0 colonies 1 - 10 colonies 31 - 40 colonies A1 - A12 Additional environmental monitoring settle plates 41 - 50 colonies 11 - 20 colonies S14 – S16 Routine environmental monitoring settle plates 21 - 30 colonies 51+ colonies A5 Α6 A3 Α4 Α7 A2 A10 Area D S16 Area B S15 A13 Area 🕮 A11 Banah A S14 A8 Α9 A12 Α1 A14



### Clinic Map 11am (October 2013)

Apheresis Clinic Room PCO-01

28/10/13 11:00 am AC/ on 0 colonies 1 - 10 colonies 31 - 40 colonies A1 – A12 Additional environmental monitoring settle plates 11 - 20 colonies 41 - 50 colonies S14 – S16 Routine environmental monitoring settle plates 21 - 30 colonies 51+ colonies Α4 A5 Α6 Α7 A3 A2 A10 Area B Area D S16 S15 A13 A11 Bench A S14 A8 Α9 A12 Α1 A14







### November2013

- •Time / Day pattern confirmed
- •Air conditioning units examined by external contractors
- •Air handling units investigated extensively
- Stores deliveries tested
- Area around clinic tested



### December 13 / January 14/ February 14

- •Air conditioning stripped and cleaned again!
- •Drop off in fungal growth December
- Returned January
- Investigated Building Management System



### March 2014

Col visited, suggested we look at the air conditioning. We complied.
Sealed with cling film
Contamination still continued
Observational Study.....



### March 2014 – Observational Study

- Sat in clinic, plates every 15 minutes, notes every 15 minutes with what happened
  Clinic quiet, staff left, all plates no growth
- •After clinic emptied, positive plates occurred when coffee vending machine emptied







### **Coffee machine & Bin**

- •Coffee machine uses ground coffee beans which are discarded into a waste bin within the machine
- •This waste emptied into bin next to coffee machine
- •Contamination Spikes occurring when bin was emptied (Monday AM) and when coffee Machine was emptied (Friday PM)



### Actions

Bin changed (no longer solid bottom)
Protocol for emptying coffee machine agreed with contractor

•Aspergillus disappeared!



### **Learning Points**

•Put the time in to the investigation at the start

•Don't become too focused on the "obvious" culprit – believe your own results



# Thank You for Listening

# Any Questions?